We construct classifications and information channels in the sense of channel theory of Barwise and Seligman (1997) with the set of formulas of the language of the dynamic logic $\mathsf{DMDL^{+}III}$ (Dynamified Multi-agent Deontic Logic) of acts of commanding of Yamada (2008a) and a set of its models satisfying a certain condition. Then the very logic can be seen as a local logic on an idealized classification that represent normal situations. Channel theoretic perspective then enables us to distinguish background conditions and preconditions of action, deal with the apparent non-monotonicity in terms of context shift, and reason about what will happen in normal and non-normal situations. As the method used can be applicable to any dynamic logic developed in the style of PAL or DEL, it can be applied to a variety of social scenarios.