

Cyclic Proofs, Hypersequents, and Transitive Closure Logic

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LLAMA Seminar, ILLC
Amsterdam, 21 September 2022

Outline

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The logics

Transitive Closure Logic TCL

- ▶ [Immerman, 1987], [Gurevich, 1988], [Grädel, 1991], ..., [Avron, 2003]

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- ▶ “Simple” enough to be suitable for automation
- ▶ Interprets Kleene Algebra and PDL

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Transitive Closure Logic TCL, formally

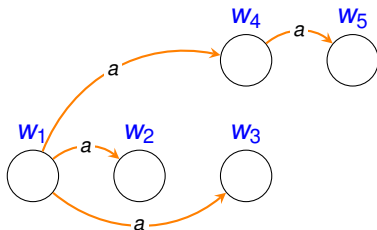
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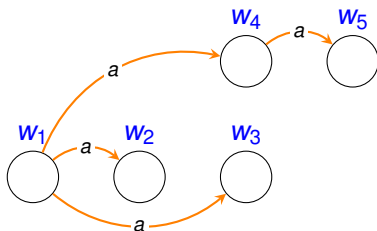
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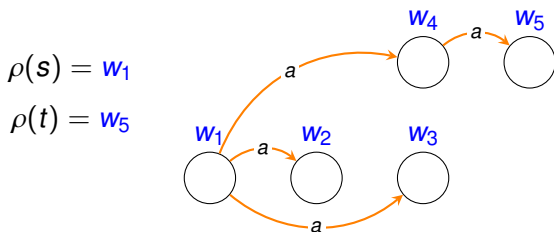
$\rho(t) = w_5$



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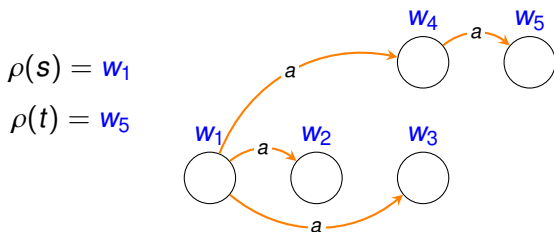


$\mathcal{M}, \rho \models \text{TC}(a)(s, t) \rightsquigarrow$ “There is a finite (> 0) A -path between $\rho(s)$ and $\rho(t)$ ”

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$$\text{TC}(A)(s, t) \iff A(s, t) \vee \exists z (A(s, z) \wedge \text{TC}(A)(z, t))$$

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Identity-free Propositional Dynamic Logic PDL (PDL^+)

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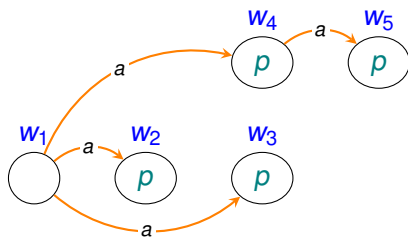
$$\alpha, \beta ::= a \mid \alpha; \beta \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha^+$$

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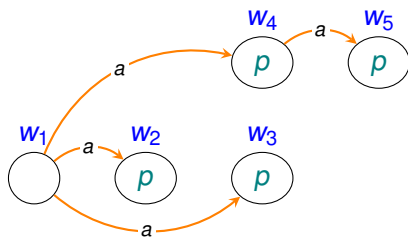


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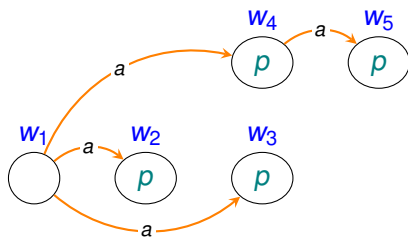
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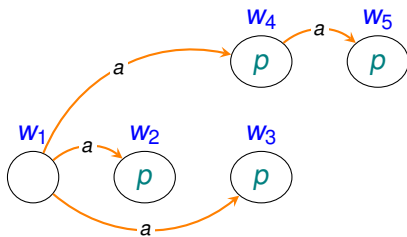
$$w_1 \models [a^+]p \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{for all } w_i, \text{ if } a^+(w_1 w_i), \text{ then } w_i \models p$$

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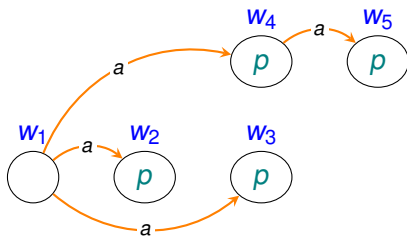
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$$\langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \iff \langle \alpha \rangle A \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \quad [a^+]A \iff [a]A \wedge [a][a^+]A$$

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$$\mathcal{M}, w \models A \quad \text{iff} \quad \mathcal{M} \models \text{ST}(A)(w)$$

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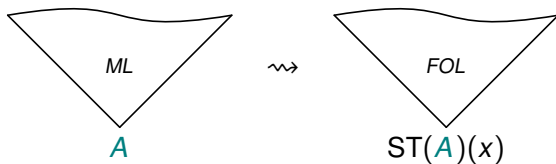
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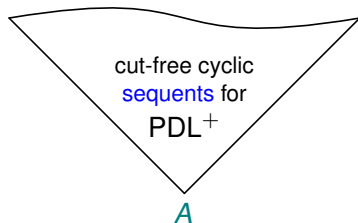
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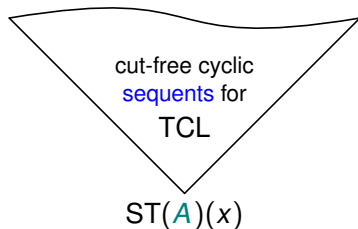


Modal logic (ML), first order logic (FOL): [Miller & Volpe, 2015]

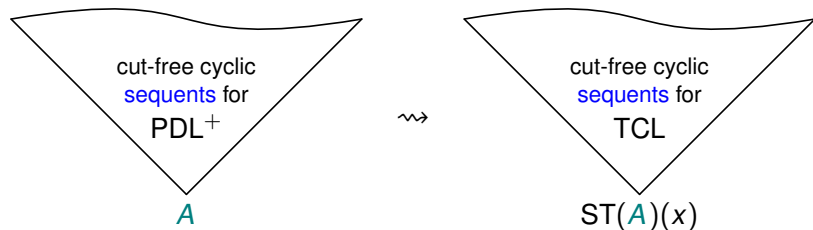
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\rightsquigarrow



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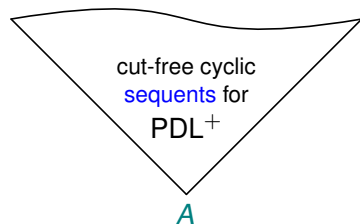


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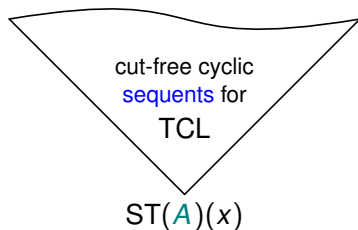
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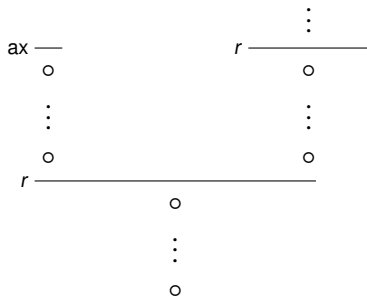
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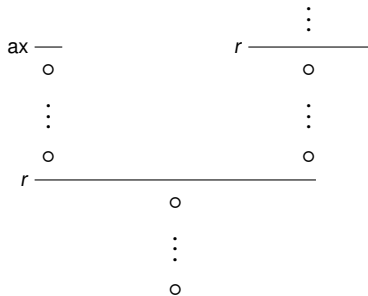
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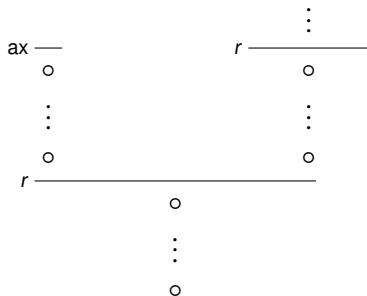


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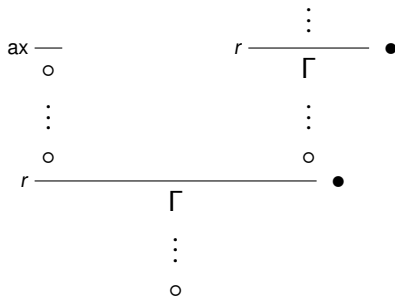


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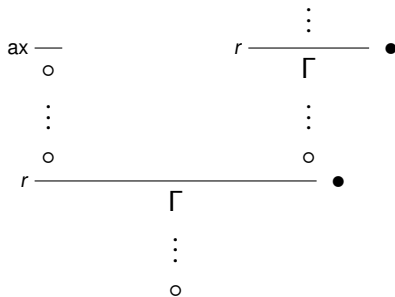
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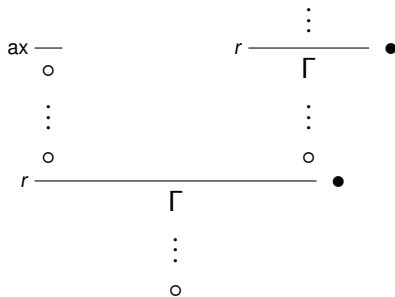
1. are **regular**
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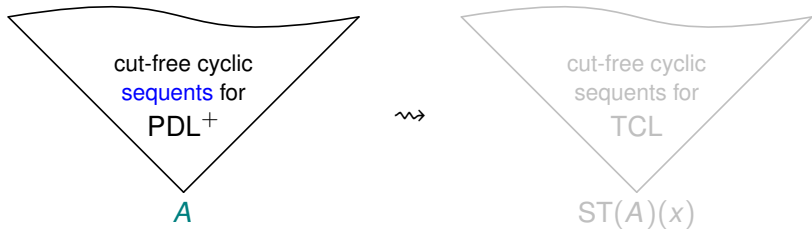
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Cyclic proofs are possibly infinite binary trees, which:

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 \leadsto criterion to distinguish proofs from unsound infinite (regular) trees



Cyclic sequent proofs for PDL^+



[Niwiński & Walukiewicz, 1996]

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$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\}$$

GPD⁺ preproofs

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$$\text{ax} \frac{}{\Gamma, p, \bar{p}} \quad \text{wk} \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma, A} \quad \text{sv} \frac{\Gamma, A, B}{\Gamma, A \vee B} \quad \text{s}\wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \text{k} \frac{\Gamma, A}{\langle a \rangle \Gamma, \Delta, [a]A}$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle A} \quad [\cup] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha \cup \beta]A} \quad \langle ; \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle A} \quad [;] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha][\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha ; \beta]A}$$

$$\langle + \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A} \quad [+] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\alpha][\alpha^+]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha^+]A}$$

GPD⁺ preproofs

$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\} \quad fm(\Gamma) = A_1 \vee \dots \vee A_k$$

$$\text{ax} \frac{}{\Gamma, p, \bar{p}} \quad \text{wk} \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma, A} \quad \text{sv} \frac{\Gamma, A, B}{\Gamma, A \vee B} \quad \text{s}\wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \text{k} \frac{\Gamma, A}{\langle a \rangle \Gamma, \Delta, [a]A}$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle A} \quad [\cup] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha \cup \beta]A} \quad \langle ; \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle A} \quad [;] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha][\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha ; \beta]A}$$

$$\langle + \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A} \quad [+] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\alpha][\alpha^+]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha^+]A}$$

$$\langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \iff \langle \alpha \rangle A \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \quad [\alpha^+] A \iff [\alpha]A \wedge [\alpha][\alpha^+]A$$

GPD⁺ preproofs

$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\} \quad fm(\Gamma) = A_1 \vee \dots \vee A_k$$

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$$\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle A} \quad [\cup] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha \cup \beta]A} \quad \langle ; \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle A} \quad [;] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha][\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha ; \beta]A}$$

$$\langle + \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A} \quad [+] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\alpha][\alpha^+]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha^+]A}$$

$$\langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \iff \langle \alpha \rangle A \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \quad [\alpha^+] A \iff [\alpha]A \wedge [\alpha][\alpha^+]A$$

Trace $\tau = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$

GPD⁺ preproofs

$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\} \quad fm(\Gamma) = A_1 \vee \dots \vee A_k$$

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$$\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle A} \quad [\cup] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha \cup \beta]A} \quad \langle ; \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle A} \quad [;] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha][\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha ; \beta]A}$$

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Trace $\tau = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$

Progressing trace: The least formula occurring infinitely often principal in $(F_i)_{i < \omega}$ has the form $[\alpha^+]A$

GPD⁺ preproofs

$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\} \quad fm(\Gamma) = A_1 \vee \dots \vee A_k$$

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$$\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \cup \beta \rangle A} \quad [\cup] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha \cup \beta]A} \quad \langle ; \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \beta \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha ; \beta \rangle A} \quad [;] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha][\beta]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha ; \beta]A}$$

$$\langle + \rangle \frac{\Gamma, \langle \alpha \rangle A, \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A}{\Gamma, \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A} \quad [+] \frac{\Gamma, [\alpha]A \quad \Gamma, [\alpha][\alpha^+]A}{\Gamma, [\alpha^+]A}$$

$$\langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \iff \langle \alpha \rangle A \vee \langle \alpha \rangle \langle \alpha^+ \rangle A \quad [\alpha^+] A \iff [\alpha]A \wedge [\alpha][\alpha^+]A$$

Trace $\tau = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$

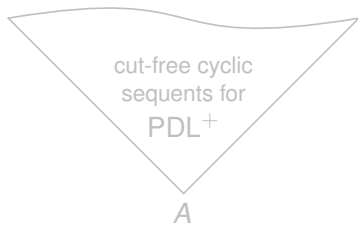
Progressing trace: The least formula occurring infinitely often principal in $(F_i)_{i < \omega}$ has the form $[\alpha^+]A$

Progress condition: Every infinite branch has a progressing trace

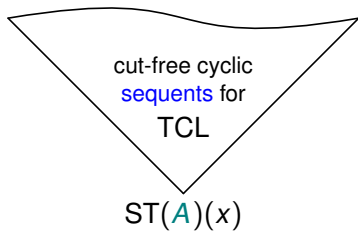
Example

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{init } \frac{\text{---}}{\bar{p}, p} \\
 \frac{k_a \frac{\text{---}}{[a]\bar{p}, \langle a \rangle p}}{\langle + \rangle_0 \frac{\text{---}}{[a]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{k_b \frac{\text{---}}{[b][a]\bar{p}, \langle b \rangle \langle a^+ \rangle p}}{\langle ; \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[b][a]\bar{p}, \langle ba^+ \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{\langle + \rangle_0 \frac{\text{---}}{[b][a]\bar{p}, \langle \beta \rangle p}}{\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[b][a]\bar{p}, \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{k_a \frac{\text{---}}{[a][a]\bar{p}, \langle a \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle + \rangle_0 \frac{\text{---}}{[a][a]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{\langle ; \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[aa]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[aa \cup aba]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{k_a \frac{\text{---}}{[a][b][a]\bar{p}, \langle a \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle + \rangle_0 \frac{\text{---}}{[a][b][a]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{\langle ; \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[aba]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[aa \cup aba]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{[+]}{\frac{\text{---}}{[(aa \cup aba)^+]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{\langle ; \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[(aa \cup aba)^+]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\vee \frac{\text{---}}{[(aa \cup aba)^+]\bar{p} \vee \langle a^+ \rangle \langle (ba^+)^+ \cup a \rangle p}}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \frac{k_a \frac{\text{---}}{[a]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle + \rangle_1 \frac{\text{---}}{[a][\alpha]\bar{p}, \langle a \rangle \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{k_a \frac{\text{---}}{[a][\alpha]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle + \rangle_1 \frac{\text{---}}{[a][a][\alpha]\bar{p}, \langle a \rangle \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \\
 \frac{\langle ; \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[aa][\alpha]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}}{\langle \cup \rangle \frac{\text{---}}{[aa \cup aba][\alpha]\bar{p}, \langle a^+ \rangle \langle \beta \cup a \rangle p}} \quad \Gamma
 \end{array}
 \bullet$$

$$\alpha = (aa \cup aba)^+ \quad \beta = (ba^+)^+$$



↔



[Niwiński & Walukiewicz, 1996]

[Studer, 2008]

[Lange, 2003]

[Cohen & Rowe, 2018, 2020]

GTC preproofs

$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\}$$

GTC preproofs

$$\Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\} \quad fm(\Gamma) = A_1 \vee \dots \vee A_k$$

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$$\begin{array}{c}
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 \\
 \text{id} \frac{}{\Gamma, p(t), \bar{p}(t)} \quad \text{wk} \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma, \Gamma'} \quad \sigma \frac{\Gamma}{\sigma(\Gamma)} \quad \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, \bar{A}}{\Gamma} \\
 \\
 \vee_i \frac{\Gamma, A_i}{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \exists \frac{\Gamma, A(t)}{\Gamma, \exists x A(x)} \quad \forall \frac{\Gamma, A[c/x]}{\Gamma, \forall x A} \quad c \text{ fresh}
 \end{array}$$

GTC preproofs

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 \\
 TC_0 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \quad TC_1 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, r) \quad \Gamma, TC(A)(r, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \\
 \\
 \overline{TC} \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t) \quad \Gamma, A(s, c), \overline{TC}(A)(c, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC}(A)(s, t)} \quad c \text{ fresh}
 \end{array}$$

GTC preproofs

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 \Gamma = \{A_1, \dots, A_k\} \quad fm(\Gamma) = A_1 \vee \dots \vee A_k \\
 \text{id} \frac{}{\Gamma, p(t), \bar{p}(t)} \quad \text{wk} \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma, \Gamma'} \quad \sigma \frac{\Gamma}{\sigma(\Gamma)} \quad \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, \bar{A}}{\Gamma} \\
 \vee_i \frac{\Gamma, A_i}{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \exists \frac{\Gamma, A(t)}{\Gamma, \exists x A(x)} \quad \forall \frac{\Gamma, A[c/x]}{\Gamma, \forall x A} \quad c \text{ fresh} \\
 TC_0 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \quad TC_1 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, r) \quad \Gamma, TC(A)(r, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \\
 \overline{TC} \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t) \quad \Gamma, A(s, c), \overline{TC}(A)(c, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC}(A)(s, t)} \quad c \text{ fresh}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 TC(A)(s, t) \iff A(s, t) \vee \exists z(A(s, z) \wedge TC(A)(z, t)) \\
 \overline{TC}(A)(s, t) \iff A(s, t) \wedge \forall z(A(s, z) \vee \overline{TC}(A)(z, t))
 \end{array}$$

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 \text{id} \frac{}{\Gamma, p(t), \bar{p}(t)} \quad \text{wk} \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma, \Gamma'} \quad \sigma \frac{\Gamma}{\sigma(\Gamma)} \quad \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, \bar{A}}{\Gamma} \\
 \vee_i \frac{\Gamma, A_i}{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \exists \frac{\Gamma, A(t)}{\Gamma, \exists x A(x)} \quad \forall \frac{\Gamma, A[c/x]}{\Gamma, \forall x A} \quad c \text{ fresh} \\
 TC_0 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC(A)}(s, t)} \quad TC_1 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, r) \quad \Gamma, \overline{TC(A)}(r, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC(A)}(s, t)} \\
 \overline{TC} \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t) \quad \Gamma, A(s, c), \overline{TC(A)}(c, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC(A)}(s, t)} \quad c \text{ fresh}
 \end{array}$$

$$\overline{TC(A)}(s, t) \iff A(s, t) \vee \exists z (A(s, z) \wedge \overline{TC(A)}(z, t))$$

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Trace $\tau = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$

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 \\
 \vee_i \frac{\Gamma, A_i}{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \exists \frac{\Gamma, A(t)}{\Gamma, \exists x A(x)} \quad \forall \frac{\Gamma, A[c/x]}{\Gamma, \forall x A} \quad c \text{ fresh} \\
 \\
 TC_0 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \quad TC_1 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, r) \quad \Gamma, TC(A)(r, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \\
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 \overline{TC} \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t) \quad \Gamma, A(s, c), \overline{TC}(A)(c, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC}(A)(s, t)} \quad c \text{ fresh}
 \end{array}$$

$$\overline{TC}(A)(s, t) \iff A(s, t) \vee \exists z (A(s, z) \wedge \overline{TC}(A)(z, t))$$

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Trace $\tau = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$

Progressing trace: The least formula occurring infinitely often principal in $(F_i)_{i < \omega}$ has the form $\overline{TC}(A)(\cdot, \cdot)$

GTC preproofs

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 \vee_i \frac{\Gamma, A_i}{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \wedge \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, A \wedge B} \quad \exists \frac{\Gamma, A(t)}{\Gamma, \exists x A(x)} \quad \forall \frac{\Gamma, A[c/x]}{\Gamma, \forall x A} \quad c \text{ fresh} \\
 \\
 TC_0 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \quad TC_1 \frac{\Gamma, A(s, r) \quad \Gamma, TC(A)(r, t)}{\Gamma, TC(A)(s, t)} \\
 \\
 \overline{TC} \frac{\Gamma, A(s, t) \quad \Gamma, A(s, c), \overline{TC}(A)(c, t)}{\Gamma, \overline{TC}(A)(s, t)} \quad c \text{ fresh}
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 \end{array}$$

Trace $\tau = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$

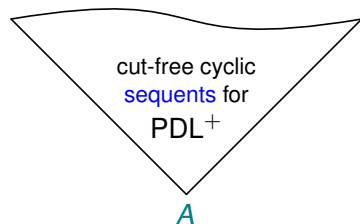
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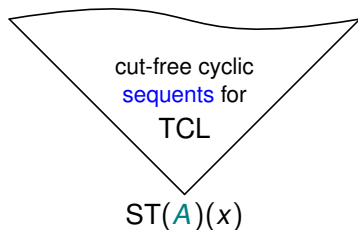
Example

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{id} \frac{\text{-----}}{a(c, d), \bar{a}(c, d)} \quad \text{id} \frac{\text{-----}}{a(c, e), \bar{a}(c, e)} \quad \overline{TC} \frac{\text{-----}}{\overline{TC}(a)(e, d), TC(\bar{a})(e, d)} \quad \vdots \\
 \text{TC}_0 \frac{\text{-----}}{a(c, d), TC(\bar{a})(c, d)} \quad \text{TC}_1 \frac{\text{-----}}{a(c, e), \overline{TC}(a)(e, d), TC(\bar{a})(c, d)} \quad \bullet \\
 \overline{TC} \frac{\text{-----}}{\text{-----}} \quad \bullet \\
 \vee \frac{\overline{TC}(a)(c, d), TC(\bar{a})(c, d)}{\overline{TC}(a)(c, d) \vee TC(\bar{a})(c, d)}
 \end{array}$$

What about simulation?



↔



[Niwiński & Walukiewicz, 1996]

[Studer, 2008]

[Lange, 2003]

[Cohen & Rowe, 2018, 2020]

No..

Theorem (Incompleteness) There is a valid PDL⁺ formula A which has a cut-free sequent proof, but such that $ST(A)(x)$ has no cut-free TCL cyclic sequent proof.

$$A = \langle (aa \cup aba)^+ \rangle p \supset \langle a^+ ((ba^+)^+ \cup a) \rangle p$$

Theorem (Incompleteness) There is a valid PDL⁺ formula A which has a cut-free sequent proof, but such that $\text{ST}(A)(x)$ has no cut-free TCL cyclic sequent proof.

$$A = \langle (aa \cup aba)^+ \rangle p \supset \langle a^+ ((ba^+)^+ \cup a) \rangle p$$

Corollary The class of cyclic sequent proofs for TCL does not enjoy cut-admissibility.

$$\text{cut} \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, \bar{A}}{\Gamma}$$

Why simulation fails?

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$$\text{ST}(\langle a \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y(a(x, y) \wedge p(y))$$

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$$\text{ST}(\langle a \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y(a(x, y) \wedge p(y))$$

$$\text{ST}(\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y((a_0(x, y) \vee a_1(x, y)) \wedge p(y))$$

Why simulation fails?

$$\text{ST}(\langle a \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y(a(x, y) \wedge p(y))$$

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$$\langle \cup \rangle_i \frac{\langle a_i \rangle p}{\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p} \quad i \in \{0, 1\}$$

Why simulation fails?

$$\text{ST}(\langle a \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y(a(x, y) \wedge p(y))$$

$$\text{ST}(\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y((a_0(x, y) \vee a_1(x, y)) \wedge p(y))$$

$$\langle \cup \rangle_i \frac{\langle a_i \rangle p}{\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \rightsquigarrow$$
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{ST}(\langle a_i \rangle p)(x) \\ \hline \exists y(a_i(x, y) \wedge p(y)) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \exists y((a_0(x, y) \vee a_1(x, y)) \wedge p(y)) \end{array}}{\text{ST}(\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p)(x)}$$

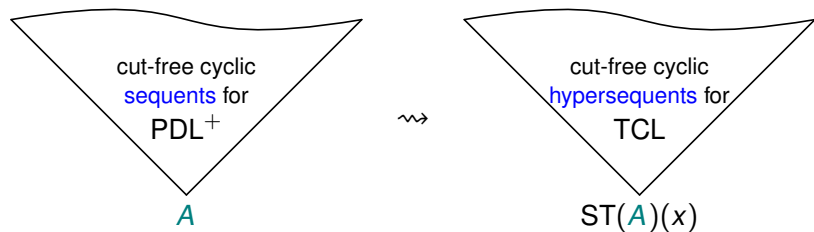
Why simulation fails?

$$\text{ST}(\langle a \rangle p)(x) \quad := \quad \exists y(a(x, y) \wedge p(y))$$

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$$\langle \cup \rangle_i \frac{\langle a_i \rangle p}{\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p} \quad i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \rightsquigarrow$$
$$\frac{\text{ST}(\langle a_i \rangle p)(x)}{\exists y(a_i(x, y) \wedge p(y))}$$
$$\vdots$$
$$\textcircled{?}$$
$$\vdots$$
$$\frac{\exists y((a_0(x, y) \vee a_1(x, y)) \wedge p(y))}{\text{ST}(\langle a_0 \cup a_1 \rangle p)(x)}$$

Solution: more structure!



[Niwiński & Walukiewicz, 1996]

[Studer, 2008]

[Lange, 2003]

Annotated hypersequents for TCL: HTC

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Annotated cedent

$$\{A_1, \dots, A_k\}^x$$

Annotated hypersequents for TCL: HTC

Annotated cedent (\mathbf{x} set of variables)

$$\{A_1, \dots, A_k\}^{\mathbf{x}}$$

Annotated hypersequents for TCL: HTC

Annotated cedent (\mathbf{x} set of variables)

$$\{A_1, \dots, A_k\}^{\mathbf{x}}$$

$$fm(\{A_1, \dots, A_k\}^{\mathbf{x}}) := \exists \mathbf{x}(A_1 \wedge \dots \wedge A_k)$$

Annotated hypersequents for TCL: HTC

Annotated cedent (\mathbf{x} set of variables)

$$\{A_1, \dots, A_k\}^{\mathbf{x}}$$

$$fm(\{A_1, \dots, A_k\}^{\mathbf{x}}) := \exists \mathbf{x} (A_1 \wedge \dots \wedge A_k)$$

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Annotated hypersequents for TCL: HTC

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$$\cup \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma\}^{\mathbf{x}} \quad \mathbf{S}, \{\Delta\}^{\mathbf{y}}}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, \Delta\}^{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}}} \quad \text{fv}(\Delta) \cap \mathbf{x} = \emptyset \quad \text{fv}(\Gamma) \cap \mathbf{y} = \emptyset \quad \wedge \frac{\mathbf{S}\{\Gamma, A, B\}^{\mathbf{x}}}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A \wedge B\}^{\mathbf{x}}} \quad \vee_i \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A_i\}^{\mathbf{x}}}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1\}^{\mathbf{x}}} \quad i \in \{0, 1\}$$

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$$\text{tc} \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A(s, t)\}^{\mathbf{x}}, \{\Gamma, A(s, z), \text{TC}(A)(z, t)\}^{\mathbf{x}, z}}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, \text{TC}(A)(s, t)\}^{\mathbf{x}}} \quad z \text{ fresh}$$

$$\overline{\text{tc}} \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A(s, t), A(s, f(\mathbf{x}))\}^{\mathbf{x}}, \{\Gamma, A(s, t), \overline{\text{TC}}(A)(f(\mathbf{x}), t)\}^{\mathbf{x}}}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, \overline{\text{TC}}(A)(s, t)\}^{\mathbf{x}}} \quad f \text{ fresh}$$

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Trace $(F_i)_{i < \omega}$

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Trace $(F_i)_{i < \omega}$ Hypertrace $(\{\Gamma_i\}^{\mathbf{x}_i})_{i < \omega}$

Defining progress in HTC

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Progress condition: Every infinite branch has a progressing hypertrace

Example

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0} \quad \text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, e)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, e)\}^0} \quad \text{TC} \frac{\dots}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(e, d)\}^0, \{\text{TC}(\bar{a})(e, d)\}^0} \bullet \\
 \text{2U} \frac{\text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0} \quad \text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, e)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, e)\}^0} \quad \text{TC} \frac{\dots}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(e, d)\}^0, \{\text{TC}(\bar{a})(e, d)\}^0}}{\{a(c, d), a(c, e)\}^0, \{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(e, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, e), \text{TC}(\bar{a})(e, d)\}^0} \\
 \text{inst} \frac{\text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0} \quad \text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, e)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, e)\}^0} \quad \text{TC} \frac{\dots}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(e, d)\}^0, \{\text{TC}(\bar{a})(e, d)\}^0}}{\{a(c, d), a(c, e)\}^0, \{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(e, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, x), \text{TC}(\bar{a})(x, d)\}^x} \\
 \text{TC} \frac{\text{inst} \frac{\text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0} \quad \text{id} \frac{\text{init} \frac{\{\}}{\{\}^0}}{\{a(c, e)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, e)\}^0} \quad \text{TC} \frac{\dots}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(e, d)\}^0, \{\text{TC}(\bar{a})(e, d)\}^0}}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, d)\}^0, \{\bar{a}(c, x), \text{TC}(\bar{a})(x, d)\}^x}}{\text{TC} \frac{\dots}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(c, d)\}^0, \{\text{TC}(\bar{a})(c, d)\}^0} \bullet} \\
 \vee \frac{\text{TC} \frac{\dots}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(c, d)\}^0, \{\text{TC}(\bar{a})(c, d)\}^0}}{\{\overline{\text{TC}}(a)(c, d) \vee \text{TC}(\bar{a})(c, d)\}^0}
 \end{array}$$

Main results: soundness

Theorem (Soundness) Let \mathbf{S} be a HTC hypersequent. If \mathbf{S} has a cyclic proof in HTC, then $fm(\mathbf{S})$ is valid in TCL.

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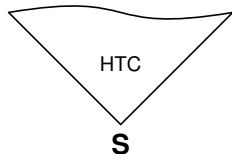
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Proof sketch

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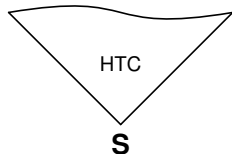


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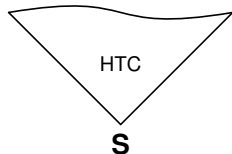
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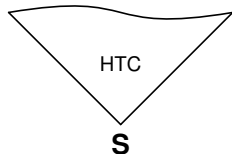
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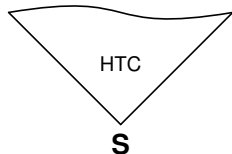
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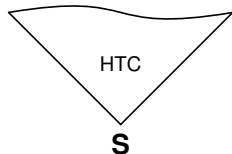
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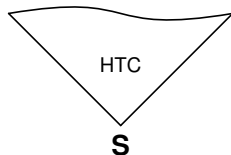
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- ▶ choose a branch $\mathcal{B}^\times = (\mathbf{S}_i)_{i < \omega}$ s.t. for all i , $\mathcal{M}^\times, \rho^\times \not\models fm(\mathbf{S}_i)$
- ▶ by definition, \mathcal{B}^\times contains a progressing hypertrace \mathcal{H}
- ▶ choose a trace $\tau^\times = (F_i)_{i < \omega}$ s.t. for all i , $\mathcal{M}^\times, \rho^\times, \delta^\mathcal{H} \not\models F_i$
- ▶ by definition, τ^\times is progressing: for infinitely many i ,
 $F_i = \overline{TC}(A)(s_i, t)$
- ▶ contradiction: for infinitely many i , $\mathcal{M}^\times, \rho^\times, \delta^\mathcal{H} \models TC(\bar{A})(s_i, t)$
- ▶ \mathbf{S} is valid.

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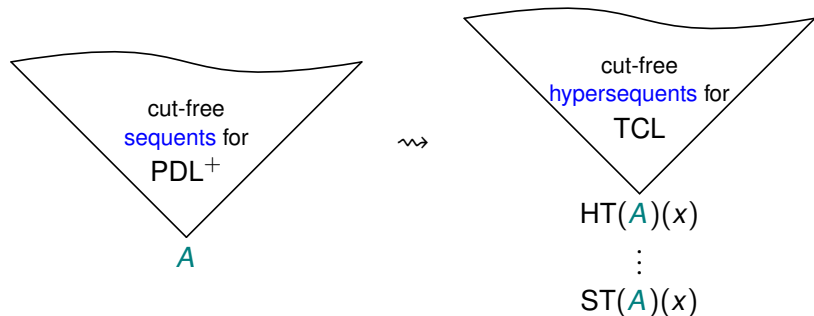
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$$\vee_i \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A_i\}^x}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma, A_0 \vee A_1\}^x} \quad i \in \{0, 1\}$$

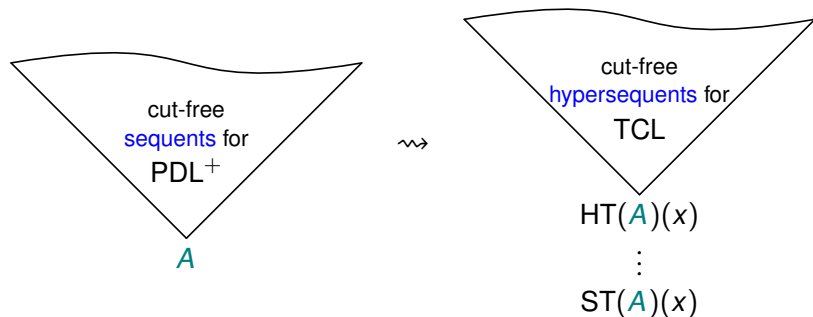
Main results: simulation and completeness

Theorem (Simulation of PDL⁺)



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Corollary (Completeness) If $\text{ST}(A)(x)$ is valid in TCL, then it has a cyclic proof in HTC.

Conclusions

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Future work

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Future work

- ▶ Study the complexity of the simulation

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Future work

- ▶ Study the complexity of the simulation
- ▶ Study the proof-theoretical properties of cyclic hypersequents

Thank you!

Questions?

Bonus: adding equality

- Adding **tests** to the language of PDL⁺

$$\alpha, \beta := a \mid \alpha; \beta \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha^+ \mid A?$$

$$\alpha^* := (\top? \cup \alpha)^+$$

$$\langle ? \rangle \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, B}{\Gamma, \langle A? \rangle B} \quad [?] \frac{\Gamma, \bar{A}, B}{\Gamma, [A?] B}$$

- Add **equality** to the language of TCL

$$\text{RTC}(A)(s, t) := \text{TC}((x = y \vee A))(s, t)$$

$$= \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma\}^x}{\mathbf{S}, \{t = t, \Gamma\}^x} \quad \neq \frac{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma(s), \Delta(s)\}^x}{\mathbf{S}, \{\Gamma(s), s \neq t\}^x, \{\Delta(t)\}^x}$$

Theorem (Soundness) If \mathbf{S} has a cyclic proof in $\text{HTC}_=$, then $\text{fm}(\mathbf{S})$ is valid in RTCL .

Theorem (Completeness) Let A be a PDL formula. If A is valid in PDL, then $\text{ST}(A)(x)$ has a cyclic proof in $\text{HTC}_=$.